

STAT 161/261: Homework 1
Bayes Decision Theory. Due April 6 in class.

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Send all submissions and questions to the TA.

1. Recommended problems: Problem 1.1 and 1.5, Alpayin. **Do not submit.**
2. A person has five coins: three fair coins, one double-headed coin and one double-tailed coin. He selects one of the five coins at random and tosses it.
 - (a) What is the probability that the top of the coin that was tossed is a head?
 - (b) What is the probability that the bottom of the coin is a head, given that the top of the coin is a head?
3. Suppose that we are trying to estimate a class label $y = 0$ or 1 from a scalar random variable $x \in [-1, 1]$ with likelihood functions

$$p(x|y = 0) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad p(x|y = 1) = \frac{3}{2}x^2. \quad (1)$$

- (a) Find the maximum likelihood (ML) estimate, \hat{y} , in terms of x .
- (b) For the ML estimate, compute what are called the probabilities of misdetection (P_{MD}) and false alarm (P_{FA}) given by:

$$P_{MD} = \Pr(\hat{y} = 0|y = 1), \quad P_{FA} = \Pr(\hat{y} = 1|y = 0). \quad (2)$$

- (c) Let $L(\hat{y}, y)$ be the loss function

$$L(\hat{y}, y) = \begin{cases} c_1 & \text{if } \hat{y} = 1, y = 0, \\ c_2 & \text{if } \hat{y} = 0, y = 1, \\ 0 & \text{if } \hat{y} = y, \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

where c_1 and c_2 are the costs of false alarms and misdetections, respectively. Suppose that

$$P(y = 1) = q, \quad P(y = 0) = 1 - q,$$

for some q . For the ML detector in part (a), what is the expected Bayes risk $\mathbb{E}(L(\hat{y}, y))$.

4. Repeat the previous problem with Gaussian likelihoods,

$$p(x|y = i) = \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_i, \sigma_i^2),$$

so that x has mean μ_i and variance σ_i^2 when $y = i$. Assume that $\sigma_1 > \sigma_0$ and $\mu_1 > \mu_0$. Alternatively, just present the solution for one case.

In part (a), the classifier boundaries will be the roots of a quadratic. Do not bother working out those roots. But, do discuss what happens when there are zero, one and two roots. For parts (b) and (c), you will need to express P_D and P_{FA} in terms of the complementary CDF of a Gaussian,

$$Q(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_z^\infty e^{-u^2/2} du.$$

Again, leave your answer in terms of the roots of the quadratic.

5. Use MATLAB or equivalent. Suppose that given a binary class label $y = 0$ or 1 , we observe a scalar Gaussian random variable,

$$p(x|y = i) = \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_i, \sigma^2),$$

with variance σ^2 and mean μ_0 or μ_1 . The class has an a priori probability

$$P(y = 1) = 1 - P(y = 0) = q.$$

Use the parameters $q = 0.3$, $\sigma = 0.25$, $\mu_0 = 0$, $\mu_1 = 1$.

- (a) Find the ML classifier for this problem.
 - (b) Generate $N = 10^4$ samples of the data (x_n, y_n) following the distribution of (x, y) above.
 - (c) Plot the empirical conditional cumulative distribution functions (CDF) of the samples x_n when $y_n = 0$ or 1 . Your plot should plot both CDFs on one plot.
 - (d) Run the classifier from part (a) and measure the number of misdetections and false alarms. Compare with the expected values.
6. Problem 2.7 from Alpaydin, 3rd edition.