## University of California, Los Angeles Department of Statistics

Statistics 100A

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Problem 1 (20 points) Part A:

Use the binomial theorem to show that:

a. 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k = 0.$$

b. 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} (a-1)^k = a^n$$
.

#### Part B:

What is the probability that among 5 people at least two have their birthday in the same month?

# Problem 2 (20 points)

Consider a two-stage game. At the first stage, we flip a fair coin. If the coin comes up heads, we select one ball from urn 1, and if the coin comes up tails, we select a ball from urn 2. The urns have the following composition:

Urn 1: 5 green balls and 10 yellow balls.

Urn 2: 20 green balls and 10 yellow balls.

You arrived late for this game, and you missed the coin flip. However, you did get to witness the selection of a yellow ball. What is the probability that the ball came from urn 1?

### Problem 3 (20 points)

A certain company produces air filters at three different assembly plants. The first plant makes 60% of all the filters, and 1% of its filters will be returned by customers because of defects. The second plant makes 30% of all the filters, and 2% of its filters will be returned by customers because of defects. The third plant makes 10% of all the filters, and 3% of its filters will be returned by customers because of defects. In the process of packing the filters for shipment to retail outlets, the filters from the three plants are intermixed.

a. Suppose a filter is randomly selected from a particular retail outlet. What is the probability that the filter will be found defective.

b. Suppose that a filter was returned (it was found defective). What is the probability that this filter was made at the first plant?

#### Problem 4 (20 points) Part A:

A man buys a racehorse for \$20000, and enters it in two races. He plans to sell the horse afterward, hoping to make a profit. If the horse wins both races, its value will jump to \$100000. If it wins one of the races, it will worth \$50000. If it loses both races, it will worth only \$10000. The man believes there is a 20% chance that the horse will win the first race and a 30% chance it will win the second one.

a. Assuming that the two races are independent events, find the man's expected profit.

b. Find the standard deviation of the man's profit.

#### Part B:

Suppose that X takes on one of the values 0, 1, 2. If for some constant c, P(X = i) = cP(X = i - 1), i = 1, 2 find E(X) in terms of c.

# Problem 5 (20 points)

Let X be a discrete random variable which has the following probability distribution.

X	P(X)
0	0.2
1	0.3
2	0.4
3	0.1

a. Compute E(4 + X).

b. Compute Var(X).

c. Compute  $E(X^2 - 2X + 1)$ .

d. Let Y = 0.4X - 2. Compute Var(Y).