

You have \$1000 to invest and your friend comes up to you with an offer:

There is a 60% chance that after a year your investment will have grown to exactly \$1500. And there is a 10% chance that your investment will grow to \$2000, but there is also a 30% chance that you will lose all of your money.

What is the expected value of your investment after a year?

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline +500 & +1000 & -1000 \\ \hline .60 & .10 & .30 \\ \hline \end{array} = \$ +100 \quad \text{or} \quad \$ 1,100$$

Suppose 25 persons invest \$1000 each with your friend. What is the expected value of their total investment after a year?

$$25 \times 100 = +2,500 \quad \text{or} \quad 27,500$$

What is the standard error of the total investment?

$$\sqrt{25 * 734.84} = 3,674.23$$

What is the chance that the value of their total investment will exceed \$5,000? (or  $\$30,000$ )

$$z = \frac{5000 - 2500}{3,674.23} = .68 \approx .70$$



We can compute chances and probabilities for random processes using the approximate normality of the sum of draws. An example: consider the game of roulette in Las Vegas. There are 38 slots for a ball to fall into at random. 18 of the slots are colored red. 18 of the slots are colored black. 2 of the slots are colored green. For the simplest bet, either red or black, you bet \$5. You will win \$5 if the ball lands in your colored slot. You will lose your \$5 if it falls in a color other than yours.

- i. Sketch a reasonable box model for the game of roulette.

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">+5</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">-5</div>
18	20
38	38

- ii. What is the box average for this game?

$$\left(+5 * \frac{18}{38}\right) + \left(-5 * \frac{20}{38}\right) = -.2632$$

- iii. What is the box standard deviation for this game?

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{18}{38}\right)(5 - -.2632)^2 + \left(\frac{20}{38}\right)(-5 - -.2632)^2} = 4.993$$

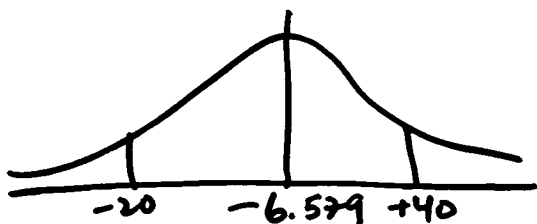
- iv. Suppose you were to play the game 25 times. What is the probability (or chance) that you will break even (win \$0) or do better? What is the chance that you will not break even?

$$\text{Total after 25 times} = 25 \times -.2632 = -6.579$$

$$SE = \sqrt{25} * 4.993 = 24.965$$

$$z = \frac{0 - -6.579}{24.965} = .2635 \approx .25 \text{ find area}$$

- v. After playing 25 times, what is the probability (or chance) that your net winnings fall between -\$20 and \$40?



find z scores  
for -20 and +40

find area  
to the right  
of this

<http://www.engr.csufresno.edu/~patague/cgi-bin/Roulette.html> (a roulette simulation)

[http://www.vegas.com/gaming/gaming\\_tips/photos/roulette4.jpg](http://www.vegas.com/gaming/gaming_tips/photos/roulette4.jpg) (a picture of a real wheel)