

A Supplemental Note on the paper “Modeling within-motif dependence for TFBS predictions” by Zhou and Liu

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In this note, we give the details for calculating the BF in equation (5) of Zhou and Liu (2004). Since correlated pairs are non-overlapping, it suffices to illustrate the calculation by considering only two positions of a motif. Suppose we observe di-nucleotides $\mathbf{X} = \{X_{n1}X_{n2}\}_{n=1}^N$. Let $\mathbf{X}_k = \{X_{nk}\}_{n=1}^N$ for $k = 1, 2$. Denote the marginal counts of \mathbf{X}_k by $N_k = [N_k(A), \dots, N_k(T)]$ and the joint counts of \mathbf{X} by $N_{12} = [N_{12}(A, A), \dots, N_{12}(T, T)]$. Let H_0 denote the hypothesis that the two positions are independent, and let H_1 denote that they are correlated. Then the Bayes factor $BF(H_1; H_0)$ is defined as

$$BF(H_1; H_0) = \frac{P(\mathbf{X}|H_1)}{P(\mathbf{X}|H_0)}, \quad (1)$$

where $P(\mathbf{X}|H_0) = P(\mathbf{X}_1|H_0)P(\mathbf{X}_2|H_0)$ by the independence assumption. Then one can calculate

$$\begin{aligned} P(\mathbf{X}|H_1) &= \int_{\Theta_{12}} P(\mathbf{X}|\Theta_{12})\pi(\Theta_{12}|H_1)d\Theta_{12} \\ &= \frac{\Gamma(\sum_{i,j} \alpha_{12}(i,j))}{\prod_{i,j} \Gamma(\alpha_{12}(i,j))} \cdot \frac{\prod_{i,j} \Gamma(N_{12}(i,j) + \alpha_{12}(i,j))}{\Gamma(N + \sum_{i,j} \alpha_{12}(i,j))}, \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where $\pi(\Theta_{12}|H_1) = Dir(\alpha_{12}(A, A), \dots, \alpha_{12}(T, T))$ is the prior distribution for Θ_{12} under H_1 . Similarly one can calculate, for $k = 1, 2$,

$$P(\mathbf{X}_k|H_0) = \frac{\Gamma(\sum_j \alpha_k(j))}{\prod_j \Gamma(\alpha_k(j))} \cdot \frac{\prod_j \Gamma(N_k(j) + \alpha_k(j))}{\Gamma(N + \sum_j \alpha_k(j))}, \quad (3)$$

where α_k is the parameter for the prior Dirichlet distributions under H_0 . We recommend to set $\alpha_1(i) = \sum_j \alpha_{12}(i, j)$ and $\alpha_2(j) = \sum_i \alpha_{12}(i, j)$ in the prior distributions. Thus $BF(H_1; H_0)$ in equation (1) can be calculated by plugging in equations (2) and (3).